

Air Cargo Report – Advance Electronic Cargo Information

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With the signing into law of the Trade Act of 2002, the requirement of Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to receive cargo manifest information prior to arrival in the United States was mandated. Final rules were published by CBP on December 5, 2003, outlining the specific information that would be required and timeframes for receipt.

Customs and Border Protection has announced a phased implementation plan based on first airport of arrival. The first phase will involve the Eastern region with an effective date of August 13, 2004. The second phase for the Midwest region is effective October 13, 2004. And the last phase for the Western Region begins December 13, 2004.

Permission to land at any international airport in the U.S. may be denied if advance electronic information for incoming foreign cargo aboard an aircraft has not been received by CBP through Air AMS.



* Applies only to shipments without an export license.

Expeditors is an approved Air AMS

provider for directly transmitting HAWB

information for our consolidations and have successfully tested with CBP to ensure we are compliant prior to the announced implementation dates.

What are the Shipper's Responsibilities?

To screen cargo prior to arrival for potential security risks, CBP will be scrutinizing the data transmitted in much greater detail. Critical pieces of information received from the shipper will have to be of the following level of detail to be acceptable:

Shipper Information

- The Shipper Name and Address must identify the foreign party initiating the shipment.
- o It must include the full company name and address and must be a foreign address.
- The indication of freight forwarder, carrier, or consolidator as the shipper is not acceptable.

Consignee Information

• The name and address of the Consignee to whom the cargo will be delivered is required. They do not need to be located in the arrival or destination port.

Quantity Shipped

The quantity documented by the shipper must be in the "smallest external packing unit" according to CBP. If the cargo is on pallets, the shipper must advise the respective carton count as well, i.e. 5 pallets containing 100 cartons.

Cargo Description

 A precise cargo description sufficient for CBP to identify the commodity shipped must be supplied. A six-digit HTS number may be used but is not required. Vague or unclear cargo descriptions will increase potential holds and exams by CBP. Published on the CBP website is a list of unacceptable descriptions for reference.

Further information on the Trade Act of 2002 and Air AMS is available on the U.S. Customs & Border Protection website at www.cbp.gov.